

Ethnobotanical and Pharmacological activity of *Tinospora cordifolia*

Gulve Saurabh Arjun¹, Jadhav Nishigandha Shahaji¹, and Dr Pravin Badhe^{1,2}

1. Sinhgad College of Pharmacy Vadgaon (B.K) Pune

2. Swalife Biotech Ltd, Cork Ireland

Corresponding Author- Dr Pravin Badhe

Abstract-

The traditional system means the use of herbal plants for every disease. Due to presence of bioactive compounds the plants are useful in every disease even in chronic diseases like cancer, neuroleptic diseases, etc. *Tinospora cordifolia* is a shrub commonly known as Giloy or Guduchi. It contains a wide variety of bioactive compounds like alkaloids, flavonoids, amino acids, proteins, glycosides, steroids, carbohydrates, and diterpenoids which are helpful for human being as a medicine. *Tinospora cordifolia* shows activities like an anti-inflammatory, antiulcer, antioxidant, antineoplastic, anticancer, antipyretic, analgesic. Antidiabetic activity is very common use of *Tinospora cordifolia*. In this review we discussed about some pharmacological activities of *Tinospora cordifolia*.

Introduction-

Herbal plants produce a wide variety of bioactive chemicals, making them a valuable source of various medications. As a result, proper scientific evidence or assessment has become the criterion for herbal health claims acceptance [1,2,3]. Natural products have been used as medicines for thousands of years in the form of traditional medicines, cures, potions, and oils, with many of these bioactive natural ingredients remaining unknown [4,5]. Because of increase in allopathic medicine system due to their fast therapeutic activity, herbal drugs lost their popularity in society [6].

A wide range of plants are utilised in medicine for medicinal or preventative purposes [7,8,9]. Among these medicinal plants, *Tinospora cordifolia*, which has a wide range of bioactive principles and has been demonstrated to be a medicinally useful plant, has gotten little scientific attention [10,11,12]. Several extracts of *Tinospora cordifolia* are utilised in pharmaceutical, pre-clinical, and clinical trials, including aqueous, alcohol, methanol, chloroform, ethanol, and acetone extract [13,14].



Fig.1 A) leaves of *T. cordifolia* B) stem of *T. cordifolia* [15]

T. cordifolia (*Tinospora cordifolia* L.) also known as "Heart-leaved Moonseed" or "Guduchi," is one of the most important medicinal plants in Indian folk medicine. *Tinospora cordifolia* (gurjo, guduchi, or *T. cordifolia*) is the herbaceous vine with heart-shaped leaves. It has been used in traditional medicine for generations to cure a variety of ailments [16,17,18].

Scientific classification:Table 1: Scientific classification of *T. cordifolia*

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Kingdom: | <u>Plantae</u> |
| <i>Clade</i> : | <u>Tracheophytes</u> |
| <i>Clade</i> : | <u>Angiosperms</u> |
| <i>Clade</i> : | <u>Eudicots</u> |
| Order: | <u>Ranunculales</u> |
| Family: | <u>Menispermaceae</u> |
| Genus: | <u><i>Tinospora</i></u> |
| Species: | <i>T. cordifolia</i> |

Geographical source:

T. cordifolia is native to the tropical areas of India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Sothern Eastern Asia, Africa, and Australia[19].

CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTS

Table 2: Parts and chemical constituents of *T. cordifolia* [20,21]

| Class | Component | Part in which present |
|---|--|-----------------------------|
| Alkaloids | Berberine, Palme tine. | Stem |
| Glycosides | 18-norclerodane glucoside, Furanoid diterpene glucoside, Tinocordiside, Tinocordifolioside, Cordioside, Syringin, Syringin-apiosylglycoside, Palmatosides C, Palmatosides F, Cordifoliside A, Cordifoliside B, | Stem |
| Diterpenoid | Furanolactone, Clerodane derivatives and [(5R,10R)-4R-8R-dihydroxy-2S-3R:15,16-diepoxy-cleroda-13 (16), 14-dieno-17,12S:18,1S-dilactone] and Tinosporon, Tinosporides, and Jateorine, Columbin | Whole plant |
| Steroids | β -sitosterol, δ -sitosterol, 20 β -Hydroxy ecdysone. Ecdysterone, Makisterone A, Giloinsterol. | Aerial part stem. |
| Sesquiterpenoids Aliphatic compound Miscellaneous | Octacosanol, Heptacosanol Nonacosan-15-one | Stem Whole plant Root |

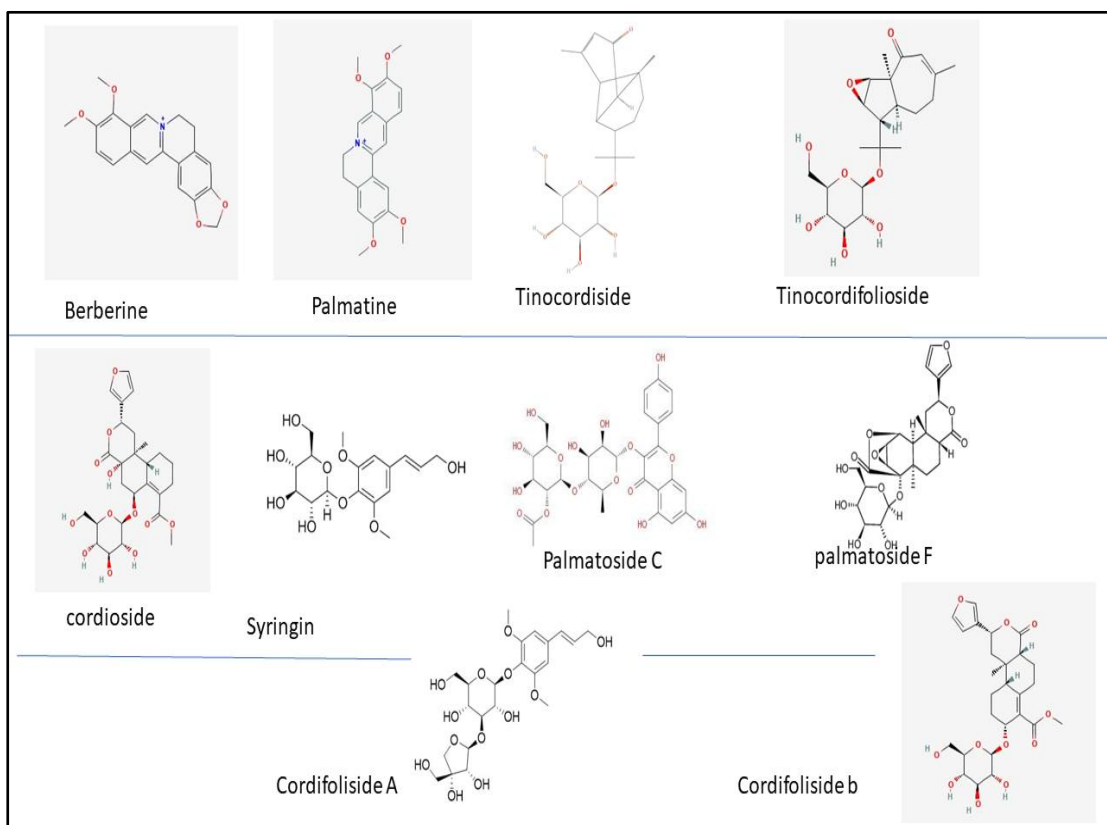


Fig.2 Structure of chemical constituents[20]

Plants have been utilised to treat and prevent diseases in all civilizations from antiquity, including the Indian and other countries. It has gained popularity in recent decades because its roots, stems, and leaves are utilised in traditional medicine to cure a variety of ailments[22,23,24]. Chemical constituents such as diterpenoid lactones, glycosides, steroids, sesquiterpenoid, phenolic, aliphatic compounds, essential oils, a mixture of fatty acids, and polysaccharides contribute to the pharmacological activities of the plant, which are found in various parts of the plant, including the root, stem, and entire body[25,26,27].

Pharmacological Activity of *T.cordifolia*

The medicinal properties of *T. cordifolia* have been identified by the Indian Pharmacopoeia, and it is a key component in several medicinal formulations for the treatment of pyrexia, dyspepsia, syphilis, gonorrhoea, urinary tract diseases, gout, viral hepatitis, anaemia, general weakness, urinary tract infections, dermatological diseases, loss of appetite, and asthma[28,29]. *T. cordifolia* is an anti-toxin, analgesic, antipyretic (fever reducer), anti-inflammatory[30], and antioxidants that boost immunity[31,32,33,34].

Diterpenoid content of *T. cordifolia* have gastroprotective effect[35]. This traditional medicine is the ultimate solution to all health issues[36]. The aqueous, ethanol, and acetone extracts of *Tinospora cordifolia* reduced the activity of urinary pathogens *Klebsiella pneumoniae* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*[37]. When antibacterial activity of *T. Cordifolia* was performed, the maximum efficacy was exhibited [38,39].

Alkaloids, tannins, cardiac glycosides, flavonoids, saponin, and other compounds have anti-diabetic properties[40]. *T. cordifolia* possess β -cell regenerative properties[41]. Oral treatment of *T. cordifolia* root extract for two weeks in induced type 2 diabetic rats resulting in this plant promoting insulin secretion and inhibiting glycogenesis, and therefore improving blood glucose level management in the body[42]. The alpha-glucosidase enzyme was investigated using a crude extract of *T. cordifolia*. The enzyme's activity prevented hypoglycemia in diabetic and non-diabetic animals[43,44].

Berberine, plant alkaloid present in *T. cordifolia* have lots of therapeutic activity like antidiabetic, anti-inflammatory, cardioprotective, hepatoprotective etc[45]. *Tinospora cordifolia* alcoholic extract has been proven to have anti-inflammatory properties in models of acute and sub-acute inflammation[46].

T. cordifolia has also been studied for its anti-neoplastic properties[47]. *T. cordifolia* effects on human cancer cells[48]. It has also been discovered to destroy HeLa cells quite well in vitro[49]. *T. cordifolia* has been tested for its anticarcinogenic and antimutagenic properties in C57 Bl mice and Swiss albino mice. *T. cordifolia* extract has been proven to suppress micronucleus generation in mice's bone marrow in a dose-dependent manner, as well as a significant reduction in tumour size when compared to control[50,51].

The anticancer property of *T. cordifolia* has also been investigated in Ehrlich's ascites carcinoma. The methanolic extract of *Tinospora cordifolia* is cytotoxic to human breast

cancer cells, but not to normal cells[52,53]. The mechanism of action of *T. cordifolia* ethanolic extract on cancer cell lines has already been described. In breast and oral cancer cells, an ethanolic extract of TC has been demonstrated to cause apoptosis[54,55]. Anticancer activity of *Tinospora cordifolia* was studied on human breast cancer cell and it shows the cytotoxic activity[56].

Tinospora cordifolia is good antioxidant. Activity was determined using various assay methods like total phenol content, total reducing power, hydrogen peroxide scavenging activity assay and hydroxyl radical scavenging activity. Ethanol extract of plant shows the higher antioxidant activity than other extract of plants[57].

Conclusion-

Tinospora cordifolia contains various bioactive phytoconstituents used as medicine. It is also used in chronic diseases because of its antimutagenic, anticarcinogenic, and antineoplastic activity. The alkaloid content of *Tinospora cordifolia* gives antidiabetic, cardioprotective, and hepatoprotective activities. Because of the presence of various secondary metabolites like terpenoids, steroids, glycosides along with phenol compounds *Tinospora cordifolia* shows antioxidants, anti-inflammatory, and anticancer activities.

Reference:

1. Atanasov, A.G., Waltenberger, B., Pferschy-Wenzig, E.M., Linder, T., Wawrosch, C., Uhrin, P., Temml, V., Wang, L., Schwaiger, S., Heiss, E.H. and Rollinger, J.M., 2015. Discovery and resupply of pharmacologically active plant-derived natural products: A review. *Biotechnology advances*, 33(8), pp.1582-1614.
2. Benzie, I.F. and Wachtel-Galor, S. eds., 2011. *Herbal medicine: biomolecular and clinical aspects*.
3. Butler, M.S., 2004. The role of natural product chemistry in drug discovery. *Journal of natural products*, 67(12), pp.2141-2153.
4. Ekor, M., 2014. The growing use of herbal medicines: issues relating to adverse reactions and challenges in monitoring safety. *Frontiers in pharmacology*, 4, p.177.
5. Cragg, G.M. and Newman, D.J., 2013. Natural products: a continuing source of novel drug leads. *Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (BBA)-General Subjects*, 1830(6), pp.3670-3695.
6. Dias, D.A., Urban, S. and Roessner, U., 2012. A historical overview of natural products in drug discovery. *Metabolites*, 2(2), pp.303-336.
7. Sofowora, A., Ogunbodede, E. and Onayade, A., 2013. The role and place of medicinal plants in the strategies for disease prevention. *African journal of traditional, complementary and alternative medicines*, 10(5), pp.210-229.
8. Mintah, S.O., Asafo-Agyei, T., Archer, M.A., Junior, P.A.A., Boamah, D., Kumadoh, D., Appiah, A., Ocloo, A., Boakye, Y.D. and Agyare, C., 2019. Medicinal plants for treatment of prevalent diseases. *Pharmacognosy-Medicinal Plants*.
9. Kumar, S., Paul, S., Walia, Y.K., Kumar, A. and Singhal, P., 2015. Therapeutic potential of medicinal plants: a review. *J. Biol. Chem. Chron*, 1(1), pp.46-54.
10. Saha, S. and Ghosh, S., 2012. *Tinospora cordifolia*: One plant, many roles. *Ancient science of life*, 31(4), p.151.
11. Meshram, A., Bhagyawant, S.S., Gautam, S. and Shrivastava, N., 2013. Potential role of *Tinospora cordifolia* in pharmaceuticals. *World J. Pharm. Sci*, 2(6), pp.4615-4625.
12. SRIVASTAVA, A.K. and SINGH, V.K., 2021. *Tinospora cordifolia* (T. CORDIFOLIA): A Magical Shrub. *Asian Journal of Advances in Medical Science*, pp.22-30.
13. Modi, B., Koirala, N., Aryal, S.P., Shrestha, J., Koirala, S., Upadhyaya, J., Basnyat, R.C., Nassan, M.A., Alqarni, M. and Batiha, G.E.S., 2021. *Tinospora cordifolia* (Willd.) Miers: phytochemical composition, cytotoxicity, proximate analysis and their biological activities. *Cellular and Molecular Biology*, 67(1), pp.50-57.
14. Choudhary, N., Siddiqui, M.B., Azmat, S. and Khatoun, S., 2013. *Tinospora cordifolia*: ethnobotany, phytopharmacology and phytochemistry aspects. *International Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Research*, 4(3), p.891.
15. Saxena, C. and Rawat, G., 2019. *Tinospora cordifolia* (T. cordifolia)-Therapeutic uses and importance: A review. *Current Research in Pharmaceutical Sciences*.
16. Promila, S.S. and Devi, P., 2017. Pharmacological potential of *Tinospora cordifolia* (Willd.) Miers ex hook. & Thoms.(T. cordifolia): A review. *Journal of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry*, 6(6), pp.1644-1647.
17. Kattupalli, S.O.W.J.A.N.Y.A., Vesta, V.A.I.S.H.N.A.V.I., Vangara, S.A.N.D.H.Y.A. and Spandana, U.P.P.U.L.U.R.I., 2019. The multi-activity herbaceous vine-*Tinospora cordifolia*. *Asian J Pharm Clin Res*, 12(3), pp.1-4.
18. Preeti, S., 2011. *Tinospora cordifolia* (Amrita)-a miracle herb and lifeline to many diseases. *International Journal of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants*, 1(2), pp.57-61.
19. Verma, D.K., Kumar, P. and El-Shazly, M., 2021. Unmasking the many faces of T. cordifolia (*Tinospora cordifolia* L.): a fresh look on its phytochemical and medicinal properties. *Current Pharmaceutical Design*, 27(22), pp.2571-2581.
20. Upadhyay, A.K., Kumar, K., Kumar, A. and Mishra, H.S., 2010. *Tinospora cordifolia* (Willd.) Hook. f. and Thoms.(Guduchi)-validation of the Ayurvedic pharmacology through experimental and clinical studies. *International journal of Ayurveda research*, 1(2), p.112.
21. Singh, S.S., Pandey, S.C., Srivastava, S., Gupta, V.S. and Patro, B., 2003. Chemistry and medicinal properties of *Tinospora cordifolia* (Guduchi). *Indian journal of pharmacology*, 35(2), p.83.

22. Pan, S.Y., Litscher, G., Gao, S.H., Zhou, S.F., Yu, Z.L., Chen, H.Q., Zhang, S.F., Tang, M.K., Sun, J.N. and Ko, K.M., 2014. Historical perspective of traditional indigenous medical practices: the current renaissance and conservation of herbal resources. *Evidence-based complementary and alternative medicine*, 2014.
23. Bent, S., 2008. Herbal medicine in the United States: review of efficacy, safety, and regulation. *Journal of general internal medicine*, 23(6), pp.854-859.
24. Mohiuddin, A.K., 2019. A brief review of traditional plants as sources of pharmacological interests. *Open Journal of Plant Science*, 4(1), pp.001-008.
25. Sharma, P., Dwivedee, B.P., Bisht, D., Dash, A.K. and Kumar, D., 2019. The chemical constituents and diverse pharmacological importance of *Tinospora cordifolia*. *Heliyon*, 5(9), p.e02437.
26. Meshram, A., Bhagyawant, S.S., Gautam, S. and Shrivastava, N., 2013. Potential role of *Tinospora cordifolia* in pharmaceuticals. *World J. Pharm. Sci*, 2(6), pp.4615-4625.
27. Mittal, J., Sharma, M.M. and Batra, A., 2014. *Tinospora cordifolia*: a multipurpose medicinal plant-A. *Journal of Medicinal Plants*, 2(2).
28. Khan, M.M., dul Haque, M.S. and Chowdhury, M.S.I., 2016. Medicinal use of the unique plant *Tinospora cordifolia*: evidence from the traditional medicine and recent research. *Asian Journal of Medical and Biological Research*, 2(4), pp.508-512.
29. Meena, A.K., Singh, A., Panda, P., Mishra, S. and Rao, M.M., 2010. *Tinospora cordifolia*: Its bioactivities & evaluation of physicochemical properties. *IJPPR*, 2, pp.50-55.
30. Reddi, K.K., Li, H., Li, W. and Tetali, S.D., 2021. Berberine, A Phytoalkaloid, Inhibits Inflammatory Response Induced by LPS through NF-Kappa β Pathway: Possible Involvement of the IKK α . *Molecules*, 26(16), p.4733.
31. Sharma, U., Bala, M., Kumar, N., Singh, B., Munshi, R.K. and Bhalerao, S., 2012. Immunomodulatory active compounds from *Tinospora cordifolia*. *Journal of ethnopharmacology*, 141(3), pp.918-926.
32. George, M., Joseph, L. and Mathew, M., 2016. *Tinospora cordifolia*; A pharmacological update. *The Pharma Innovation Journal*, 5(7), pp.108-111.
33. Hussain, L., Akash, M.S., Ain, N.U., Rehman, K. and Ibrahim, M., 2015. The analgesic, anti-inflammatory and anti-pyretic activities of *Tinospora cordifolia*. *Advances in Clinical and Experimental Medicine*, 24(6), pp.957-964.
34. Bafna, P.A. and Balaraman, R., 2005. Anti-ulcer and anti-oxidant activity of pepticare, a herbomineral formulation. *Phytomedicine*, 12(4), pp.264-270.
35. Antonisamy, P., Dhanasekaran, M., Ignacimuthu, S., Duraipandiyan, V., Balthazar, J.D., Agastian, P. and Kim, J.H., 2014. Gastroprotective effect of epoxy clerodane diterpene isolated from *Tinospora cordifolia* Miers (Guduchi) on indomethacin-induced gastric ulcer in rats. *Phytomedicine*, 21(7), pp.966-969.
36. Tiwari, P., Nayak, P., Prusty, S.K. and Sahu, P.K., 2018. Phytochemistry and pharmacology of *Tinospora cordifolia*: A review. *Systematic Reviews in Pharmacy*, 9(1), pp.70-78.
37. Shanthi, V. and Nelson, R., 2013. Antibacterial activity of *Tinospora cordifolia* (Willd) Hook. f. Thoms on urinary tract pathogens. *Int. J. Curr. Microbiol. App. Sci*, 2(6), pp.190-194.
38. Jeyachandran, R., Xavier, T.F. and Anand, S.P., 2003. Antibacterial activity of stem extracts of *Tinospora cordifolia* (Willd) Hook. f & Thomson. *Ancient science of life*, 23(1), p.40.
39. Duraipandiyan, V., Ignacimuthu, S., Balakrishna, K. and AL-Harbi, N.A., 2012. Antimicrobial activity of *Tinospora cordifolia*: an ethnomedicinal plant. *亚洲传统医药*, 7(2), pp.59-65.
40. Tran, N., Pham, B. and Le, L., 2020. Bioactive compounds in anti-diabetic plants: From herbal medicine to modern drug discovery. *Biology*, 9(9), p.252.
41. Sangeetha, M.K., Balaji Raghavendran, H.R., Gayathri, V. and Vasanthi, H.R., 2011. *Tinospora cordifolia* attenuates oxidative stress and distorted carbohydrate metabolism in experimentally induced type 2 diabetes in rats. *Journal of natural medicines*, 65(3), pp.544-550.
42. Patel, M.B. and Mishra, S., 2011. Hypoglycemic activity of alkaloidal fraction of *Tinospora cordifolia*. *Phytomedicine*, 18(12), pp.1045-1052.
43. Zinjarde, S.S., Bhargava, S.Y. and Kumar, A.R., 2011. Potent α -amylase inhibitory activity of Indian Ayurvedic medicinal plants. *BMC complementary and alternative medicine*, 11(1), pp.1-10.
44. Sonkamble, V.V. and Kamble, L.H., 2015. Antidiabetic potential and identification of phytochemicals from *Tinospora cordifolia*. *American Journal of Phytomedicine and Clinical Therapeutics*, 3(1), pp.97-110.

45. Singh, A.K., Singh, S.K., Nandi, M.K., Mishra, G., Maurya, A., Rai, A., Rai, G.K., Awasthi, R., Sharma, B. and Kulkarni, G.T., 2019. Berberine: a plant-derived alkaloid with therapeutic potential to combat Alzheimer's disease. *Central Nervous System Agents in Medicinal Chemistry (Formerly Current Medicinal Chemistry-Central Nervous System Agents)*, 19(3), pp.154-170.
46. Wesley, J.J., Christina, A.J., Chidambaranathan, N., Livingston, R. and Ravikumar, K., 2008. Effect of alcoholic extract of *Tinospora Cordifolia* on acute and subacute Inflammation. *Pharmacologyonline*, 3, pp.683-7.
47. Jagetia GC, Rao SK. Evaluation of the antineoplastic activity of guduchi (*Tinospora cordifolia*) in ehrlich ascites carcinoma bearing mice. *Biol Pharm Bull.* 2006; 29: 460–6.
48. Deepa, B., Babaji, H.V., Hosmani, J.V., Alamir, A.W.H., Mushtaq, S., Raj, A.T. and Patil, S., 2019. Effect of *Tinospora cordifolia*-derived phytochemicals on cancer: a systematic review. *Applied Sciences*, 9(23), p.5147.
49. Jagetia, G.C., Nayak, V. and Vidyasagar, M.S., 1998. Evaluation of the antineoplastic activity of guduchi (*Tinospora cordifolia*) in cultured HeLa cells. *Cancer Letters*, 127(1-2), pp.71-82.
50. Desai, A.G., Qazi, G.N., Ganju, R.K., El-Tamer, M., Singh, J., Saxena, A.K., Bedi, Y.S., Taneja, S.C. and Bhat, H.K., 2008. Medicinal plants and cancer chemoprevention. *Current drug metabolism*, 9(7), pp.581-591.
51. Verma, R., Chaudhary, H.S. and Agrawal, R.C., 2011. Evaluation of anticarcinogenic and antimutagenic effect of *Tinospora cordifolia* in experimental animals. *J Chem Pharm Res*, 3(6), pp.877-81.
52. Ahmad, R., Srivastava, A.N. and Khan, M.A., 2015. Evaluation of in vitro anticancer activity of stem of *Tinospora cordifolia* against human breast cancer and Vero cell lines. *J Med Plants Stud*, 3(4), pp.33-37.
53. Rao, S.K., Rao, P.S. and Rao, B.N., 2008. Preliminary investigation of the radiosensitizing activity of guduchi (*Tinospora cordifolia*) in tumor-bearing mice. *Phytotherapy Research: An International Journal Devoted to Pharmacological and Toxicological Evaluation of Natural Product Derivatives*, 22(11), pp.1482-1489.
54. Maliyakkal, N., Udupa, N., Pai, K.S.R. and Rangarajan, A., 2013. Cytotoxic and apoptotic activities of extracts of *Withania somnifera* and *Tinospora cordifolia* in human breast cancer cells. *International Journal of Applied Research in Natural Products*, 6(4), pp.1-10.
55. Patil, S., Ashi, H., Hosmani, J., Almalki, A.Y., Alhazmi, Y.A., Mushtaq, S., Parveen, S., Baeshen, H.A., Varadarajan, S., Raj, A.T. and Patil, V.R., 2021. *Tinospora cordifolia* (Thunb.) Miers (*T. cordifolia*) inhibits oral cancer cells in a dose-dependent manner by inducing apoptosis and attenuating epithelial-mesenchymal transition. *Saudi journal of biological sciences*, 28(8), pp.4553-4559.
56. Mishra, A., Kumar, S. and Pandey, A.K., 2013. Scientific validation of the medicinal efficacy of *Tinospora cordifolia*. *The Scientific World Journal*, 2013.
57. Prasad, B. and Chauhan, A., 2019. Anti-Oxidant and antimicrobial studies of *Tinospora cordifolia* (Guduchi/Giloy) stems and roots under in-vitro condition. *Int. J. Adv. Microbiol. Health. Res*, 3(1), pp.1-10.